SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of Issue - 12/06/16 Revision - 20/01/20

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION AND SUPPLIER

Name: 320 Diamolac 1k HB Clear Lacquer (All Gloss Levels)

PRODUCT CODE: 320

APPLICATION: 320 Diamolac is an alkyd modified nitrocellulose pre-catalysed air-

drying lacquer. Intelac has been specifically formulated for spray

application on industrially manufactured timber furniture.

SUPPLIER: Superior Timber Coatings 13/257 Colchester Road Kilsyth Vic 3137

Emergency telephone number:

From 8.30am to 3.30pm (AEST) +61 03 9761 6899 Out of the mentioned hours, Saturdays and Sundays and during periods of closure for holidays please call:

+61410 635 016

ROAD AND TRANSPORT CLASSIFICATION

UN No: 1263

Paint (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac solutions, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)

D.G: 3

HAZCHEM: 3[Y]E

P.G: II

HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia



GHS CLASSIFICATION







Signal Word

Danger

HAZARD CLASSIFICATIONS

Flammable Liquids
Aspiration Hazard
Category 1
Acute Toxicity-Dermal
Acute Toxicity- Inhalation
Skin Corrosion/Irritation
Eye Irritation
Category 4
Category 4
Category 2
Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Category 3 Narcotic Effects

HAZARD STATEMENTS

H225	Highly	flammable	liquid	and va	apour

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye damage

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 May cause damage to organs

PREVENTION PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P201	Obtain	speciai	Instru	action	IS D	erore	use	

- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking
- P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P281 Use personal protective equipment as required
- P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
- P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/intrinsically safe equipment
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of workplace P273 Avoid release to the environment

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

RESPONSE PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand P304+340 If INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

P302+352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated P303+361+353

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention P333+313 In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam for extinction P370+378

STORAGE PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P405 Store locked up

P403+235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool

POISONS SCHEDULE (AUST)

S5

PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Coloured liquid **Odour:** Odour of Hydrocarbons Specific Gravity: 1.00 - 1.30 Kg/lt Solids Content by weight 27 - 30%

Solubility in water q/I: None

Percentage volatile by volume : 40 - 60

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Highly Flammable

Flash point (°C): Below 0 Degrees C

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, foam or CO2

FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Vapour is heavier than air, will accumulate in depressions and will form explosive mixtures with air. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of ignition. Vapours are very dangerous in enclosed spaces, which are poorly ventilated. Highly flammable, keep away from naked flame, spark or heat source.

Store cans away from oxidizing agents.

On combustion, may emit toxic fumes and acrid smoke.

REACTIVITY DATA

STABLE	X
UNSTABLE	

Materials to avoid: Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon dioxide and monoxide.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERISATION: Will not occur

National occupational exposure limit:

None assigned for this product by Safe Work Australia. However the following list of raw materials may serve as a guide.

INGREDIENTS

Composition by weight %	1-10	10-30	30-60	>60	Balance	CAS RN	TWA PPM	STEL PPM
Non Hazardous					X		Non	Non
Ingredients							hazardous	hazardous
n-butyl acetate	Χ					123-86-4	150	200
n- butanol	Χ					71-36-3	50	N/A
M.I.B.K.	Χ					108-10-1	50	75
M.E.K.	X					78-93-3	150	300
PGMA	Х					108-65-6	50	100
Xylene		Х				1330-20-7	100	150

HEALTH HAZARD DATA

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled are as follows:-

EFFECTS OF EXPOSURE

EYES: Highly irritant, which may lead to, pronounced inflammation and

conjunctivitis. Damage to the cornea may result in permanent vision

impairment if not treated promptly.

SKIN: May cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure, which

may lead to contact dermatitis.

INHALATION: Mild irritation to upper respiratory tract may become more pronounced

at elevated temperatures. More severe effects from inhalation of high concentrations of vapour include; pulmonary irritation, coughing, headache, nausea and central nervous system depression which can lead to loss of co-ordination, impaired judgement and if exposure is prolonged, unconsciousness. Pre-existing respiratory illness such as asthma, bronchitis or emphysema etc may be aggravated if inhaled.

INGESTION: Gastrointestinal irritation may cause nausea, pain and vomiting. Vomit

entering the lungs by aspiration may cause potentially lethal chemical

pneumonitis.

FIRST AID

EYES: Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Ensure irrigation under

both eyelids is achieved. Transport patient to hospital or doctor immediately. Do not attempt to remove contact lenses, this should only

be undertaken by skilled personnel.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing.

Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water. Do not wash

with solvent. If irritation occurs seek medical attention.

INHALATION: Move patient to fresh air away from contamination source and remove

contaminated clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. If breathing is shallow or has stopped, ensure clear airway and apply resuscitation. Seek immediate medical

attention.

INGESTION: If swallowed do not induce vomiting. Wash mouth with water. Give

water to drink to dilute stomach contents. If vomiting occurs, place victim's head downward, head lower than hips to prevent vomit

entering lungs. Seek immediate medical attention.

SAFETY PROTECTION INFORMATION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Use in a well-ventilated area, under normal conditions general exhaust is adequate. Spraying should be done in accordance to local state regulations. All electrical fittings and appliances including power outlets, lighting and exhaust extraction must be intrinsically safe and in accordance to class 1 zone 1 Australian Standards, this is also required where painted surfaces are drying as evaporating flammable solvents are given off for some time and may accumulate in enclosed areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do Not enter confined spaces where vapour may have collected.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

INHALATION: Wear an <u>Australian Standard Approved</u> respirator. The selection of class

and type will be dependent on level of air-borne contaminant and chemical type. For general use with adequate ventilation, an organic vapour respirator is sufficient. In conditions where high levels of exposure to spray mist and vapour are present with poor ventilation, wear full-faced

air supplied breathing apparatus.

EYES: Chemical goggles or safety glasses with side shields. Do not wear

contact lenses as they absorb and concentrate irritants.

HANDS: Wear chemical resistant gloves such as rubber, PVC, nitrile or neoprene.

Do not wash hands with solvent; use industrial hand cleansing cream or

soap and water.

CLOTHING: Wear protective clothing that minimises the risk of skin contamination.

Wear safety footwear.

Toxicology Data

No specific data for product however for listed raw materials as follows:

m-butyl acetate

Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >14080 mg/kg Inhalation (rat) LC50: 2000 ppm/4hr

Oral (rabbit): 7400 mg/kg

Oral (mouse) LD50: 14,000 mg/kg

n-butanol

Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 3400 mg/kg Inhalation (rat) LC50: 8000 ppm/4hr

Oral (rat) LD50: 800 mg/kg

MIBK

Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >10 ml/kg

Inhalation (rat) LC50: 2000- 4000 ppm/4hr

Oral (rat) LD50: 2080 mg/kg

MEK

Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg Inhalation (rat) LC50: 34.5 mg/Lt/4hr

Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg

PGMA

Dermal (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg Inhalation (rat) LC50: 4345 ppm/6hr

Oral (rat) LD50: 6190 mg/kg

XYLENE

Dermal LD50: >1000 mg/kg Ref suppliers SDS

Inhalation LC50: >10mg/lt Oral LD50: >2000 mg/kg

Germ cell mutagenicity: Not mutagenic

Carcinogenicity: Not expected to be carcinogenic

Reproductive and developmental Toxicity: Not a developmental toxicant

Does not impair fertility

Ref suppliers SDS

Ecological Information

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Acute aquatic Hazard:

Long-term aquatic Hazard:

Ecology Toxicity:

No information available for product
No information available for product
No information available for product

Persistence and degradability No information available but is expected to

biodegrade base on its raw material makeup.

Bio-accumulative potential: Based on individual raw materials, not expected to

bio-accumulate

SPILL AND CLEAN UP PROCEDURES

Remove possible sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapour and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate safety equipment.

- Absorb all spills with a <u>dangerous goods approved</u> absorbent material such as sand, vermiculite etc. Place in an <u>Australian Standard Approved</u> flammable goods waste bin and add equal volume of water. Dispose of through an approved dangerous good waste management contractor.
 - Do not permit spilled material to flow into sewer or natural waterway.
- Place 'all spray booth' dry waste including dirty rags, overspray dust, sweepings, paint film etc in an <u>Australian Standard Approved</u> flammable goods waste bin and add equal volume of water.
- Recycle all liquid waste including paint sludge and dirty thinners when possible, otherwise place in a suitable <u>dangerous goods approved</u> container and dispose of through an approved dangerous goods liquid waste contractor.

DISPOSAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional and international

regulations

DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATION:

Dispose of in accordance with local waste management regulations in an authorised landfill or consult local land waste Management Authority for disposal.

Recycle where possible; dispose of empty vented containers through a metal recycler or at an authorised landfill.

STORAGE AND TRANSPORT

Transport in accordance with Dangerous Goods Classification 3.

Store cans in a well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition such as, open flames, heat sources, electrical arc, etc. Store cans away from oxidising agents, foodstuffs and clothing. Keep containers closed securely when not in use. No smoking

CONTACT

Australian Poisons Information Centre: 13 11 26 Police, Fire brigade or Ambulance: 000

Superior Timber Coatings 03 9761 6899

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